CITY OF PALM BAY
POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND (POLICE OFFICERS)

ACTUARIAL VALUATION
AS OF OCTOBER 1, 2023

CONTRIBUTIONS APPLICABLE TO THE
PLAN/FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

FOSTER & FOSTER
ACTUARIES AND CONSULTANTS

March 28, 2024

Board of Trustees
City of Palm Bay Police & Firefighters' Pension Fund
Conlan Professional Center
1501 Robert J. Conlan Blvd. NE Suite 260
Palm Bay, FL 32905-3567

Re: City of Palm Bay Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund (Police Officers)

Dear Board:

We are pleased to present to the Board this report of the annual actuarial valuation of the City of Palm Bay Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund (Police Officers). The valuation was performed to determine whether the assets and contributions are sufficient to provide the prescribed benefits and to develop the appropriate funding requirements for the applicable plan year. Use of the results for other purposes may not be applicable and may produce significantly different results.

The valuation has been conducted in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, including the applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice as issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, and reflects laws and regulations issued to date pursuant to the provisions of Chapters 112 and 185, Florida Statutes, as well as applicable federal laws and regulations. In our opinion, the assumptions used in the valuation, as adopted by the Board of Trustees, represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience.

The funding percentages and unfunded accrued liability as measured based on the actuarial value of assets will differ from similar measures based on the market value of assets. These measures, as provided, are appropriate for determining the adequacy of future contributions, but may not be appropriate for the purpose of settling a portion or all of its liabilities. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report for a variety of reasons including: changes in applicable laws, changes in plan provisions, changes in assumptions, or plan experience differing from expectations. Due to the limited scope of the valuation, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

In conducting the valuation, we have relied on personnel, plan design, and asset information supplied by the City of Palm Bay, financial reports prepared by the custodian bank, and the actuarial assumptions and methods described in the Actuarial Assumptions section of this report. While we cannot verify the accuracy of all this information, the supplied information was reviewed for consistency and reasonableness. As a result of this review, we have no reason to doubt the substantial accuracy of the information and believe that it has produced appropriate results. This information, along with any adjustments or modifications, is summarized in various sections of this report.

Additionally, we used third-party software to model (calculate) the underlying liabilities and costs. These results are reviewed in the aggregate and for individual sample lives. The output from the software is either used directly or input into internally developed models that apply the funding rules to generate the results. All internally developed models are reviewed as part of the valuation process. As a result of this review, we believe that the models have produced reasonable results. We do not believe there are any material inconsistencies among assumptions or unreasonable output produced due to the aggregation of assumptions.

In our opinion, the Minimum Required Contribution set forth in this report constitutes a reasonable actuarially determined contribution under Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 4.

The undersigned are familiar with the immediate and long-term aspects of pension valuations, and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries necessary to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. All of the sections of this report are considered an integral part of the actuarial opinions.

To our knowledge, no associate of Foster & Foster, Inc. working on valuations of the program has any direct financial interest or indirect material interest in the City of Palm Bay, nor does anyone at Foster & Foster, Inc. act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund (Police Officers). Thus, there is no relationship existing that might affect our capacity to prepare and certify this actuarial report.

If there are any questions, concerns, or comments about any of the items contained in this report, please contact us at 239-433-5500.

Respectfully submitted,

Foster & Foster, Inc.

By: ______________________________
Bradley R. Heinrichs, FSA, EA, MAAA
Enrolled Actuary #23-6901

By: ______________________________
Patrick T. Donlan, EA, ASA, MAAA
Enrolled Actuary #23-6595

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Enclosures

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SUMMARY OF REPORT

The regular annual actuarial valuation of the City of Palm Bay Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund (Police Officers), performed as of October 1, 2023, has been completed and the results are presented in this Report. The contribution amounts set forth herein are applicable to the plan/fiscal year ending September 30, 2025.

The contribution requirements, compared with those set forth in the October 1, 2022 actuarial valuation report, are as follows:

Valuation Date Applicable to Fiscal Year Ending	10/1/2023 9/30/2025	10/1/2022 9/30/2024
Minimum Required Contribution	$6,276,411	$4,666,504
Member Contributions (Est.)	1,037,849	903,193
City And State Required Contribution	**5,238,562**	**3,763,311**
State Contribution (Est.) [1]	874,171	874,171
City Required Contribution (Est.) [2]	$4,364,391	$2,889,140

[1] Based on mutual consent, the City can use $520,734.08 plus 50% of the State Monies received in excess of that amount to offset their required contribution. The amount shown above is based upon the State Monies received during calendar 2023.

[2] Please note that the City has access to a prepaid contribution of $153,283.31 that is available to offset a portion of the above stated requirements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024.

As you can see, the Minimum Required Contribution shows an increase when compared to the results set forth in the October 1, 2022 actuarial valuation report. The increase is partially attributable to the increase in the number of active Police Officers and partially attributable to unfavorable actuarial experience as described below.

Plan experience was unfavorable overall on the basis of the plan's actuarial assumptions. Sources of actuarial loss included an investment return of 2.76% (Actuarial Asset Basis) which fell short of the 7.50% assumption and an average salary increase of 9.26% which exceeded the 4.70% assumption. There were no significant sources of actuarial gain.

CHANGES SINCE PRIOR VALUATION

Plan Changes

There have been no changes in benefits since the prior valuation.

Actuarial Assumption/Method Changes

There have been no assumption or method changes since the prior valuation.

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL VALUATION RESULTS

	10/1/2023	10/1/2022
A. Participant Data		
Actives	162	149
Service Retirees	92	87
DROP Retirees	6	8
Beneficiaries	7	7
Disability Retirees	14	13
Terminated Vested	27	28
Total	308	292
Projected Annual Payroll	10,894,262	9,479,877
Annual Rate of Payments to:		
Service Retirees	6,195,575	5,824,871
DROP Retirees	448,700	537,870
Beneficiaries	337,125	327,455
Disability Retirees	397,142	353,982
Terminated Vested	168,687	168,271
B. Assets		
Actuarial Value (AVA) [1]	133,859,183	134,109,118
Market Value (MVA) [1]	118,267,799	113,240,734
C. Liabilities		
Present Value of Benefits		
Actives		
Retirement Benefits	59,205,861	52,066,504
Disability Benefits	3,496,119	3,307,233
Death Benefits	271,544	252,900
Vested Benefits	3,906,400	3,336,207
Refund of Contributions	150,518	146,563
Service Retirees	90,252,668	85,721,137
DROP Retirees [1]	11,006,605	11,872,346
Beneficiaries	2,969,394	3,043,345
Disability Retirees	5,702,947	5,206,249
Terminated Vested	1,725,305	1,687,780
Share Plan Balances [1]	1,307,621	971,647
Total	179,994,982	167,611,911

C. Liabilities - (Continued)

	10/1/2023	10/1/2022
Present Value of Future Salaries	80,247,448	69,500,900
Present Value of Future Member Contributions	7,029,676	6,088,279
Normal Cost (Retirement)	1,765,051	1,548,879
Normal Cost (Disability)	260,217	245,536
Normal Cost (Death)	12,185	10,972
Normal Cost (Vesting)	259,415	233,108
Normal Cost (Refunds)	40,358	39,828
Total Normal Cost	2,337,226	2,078,323
Present Value of Future Normal Costs	16,715,920	14,684,601
Accrued Liability (Retirement)	46,164,642	40,706,682
Accrued Liability (Disability)	1,669,574	1,584,103
Accrued Liability (Death)	193,613	182,449
Accrued Liability (Vesting)	2,254,929	1,926,341
Accrued Liability (Refunds)	31,764	25,231
Accrued Liability (Inactives) [1]	111,656,919	107,530,857
Share Plan Balances [1]	1,307,621	971,647
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability (EAN AL)	163,279,062	152,927,310
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	29,419,879	18,818,192
Funded Ratio (AVA / EAN AL)	82.0%	87.7%

D. Actuarial Present Value of Accrued Benefits

	10/1/2023	10/1/2022
Vested Accrued Benefits		
Inactives + Share Plan Balances [1]	112,964,540	108,502,504
Actives	21,320,310	17,954,738
Member Contributions	6,376,446	5,963,297
Total	140,661,296	132,420,539
Non-vested Accrued Benefits	3,023,007	2,670,042
Total Present Value Accrued Benefits (PVAB)	143,684,303	135,090,581
Funded Ratio (MVA / PVAB)	82.3%	83.8%
Increase (Decrease) in Present Value of Accrued Benefits Attributable to:		
Plan Amendments	0	
Assumption Changes	0	
Plan Experience	6,119,743	
Benefits Paid	(7,381,026)	
Interest	9,855,005	
Other	0	
Total	8,593,722	

Valuation Date	10/1/2023	10/1/2022
Applicable to Fiscal Year Ending	9/30/2025	9/30/2024
E. Pension Cost		
Normal Cost [2]	$2,541,751	$2,260,407
Administrative Expenses [2]	355,773	317,292
Payment Required to Amortize Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability over 26 years (as of 10/1/2023) [2]	3,378,887	2,088,805
Minimum Required Contribution	6,276,411	4,666,504
Expected Member Contributions [2]	1,037,849	903,193
Expected City and State Contribution	5,238,562	3,763,311
F. Past Contributions		
Plan Years Ending:	9/30/2023	
City and State Requirement	2,546,984	
Actual Contributions Made:		
City	1,672,813	
State	874,171	
Total	2,546,984	
G. Net Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	10,158,408	

[1] The asset values and liabilities include accumulated DROP and Share Plan Balances as of 9/30/2023 and 9/30/2022.

[2] Contributions developed as of 10/1/2023 displayed above have been adjusted to account for assumed salary increase and interest components.

H. Schedule Illustrating the Amortization of the Total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of:

Year	Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
2023	29,419,879
2024	28,286,343
2025	27,067,791
2031	17,578,547
2037	3,424,436
2043	340,481
2049	0

I. (i) 5 Year Comparison of Actual and Assumed Salary Increases

		Actual	Assumed
Year Ended	9/30/2023	9.26%	4.70%
Year Ended	9/30/2022	13.03%	4.71%
Year Ended	9/30/2021	8.93%	4.66%
Year Ended	9/30/2020	3.57%	5.45%
Year Ended	9/30/2019	6.02%	5.66%

(ii) 5 Year Comparison of Investment Return on Market Value and Actuarial Value

		Market Value	Actuarial Value	Assumed
Year Ended	9/30/2023	8.02%	2.76%	7.50%
Year Ended	9/30/2022	-19.98%	4.02%	7.65%
Year Ended	9/30/2021	20.09%	11.65%	7.65%
Year Ended	9/30/2020	12.29%	9.13%	7.75%
Year Ended	9/30/2019	4.47%	8.78%	7.75%

(iii) Average Annual Payroll Growth

(a) Payroll as of:	10/1/2023	$10,894,262
	10/1/2013	7,515,606
(b) Total Increase		44.96%
(c) Number of Years		10.00
(d) Average Annual Rate		3.78%

STATEMENT BY ENROLLED ACTUARY

This actuarial valuation was prepared and completed by me or under my direct supervision, and I acknowledge responsibility for the results. To the best of my knowledge, the results are complete and accurate, and in my opinion, the techniques and assumptions used are reasonable and meet the requirements and intent of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes. There is no benefit or expense to be provided by the plan and/or paid from the plan's assets for which liabilities or current costs have not been established or otherwise taken into account in the valuation. All known events or trends which may require a material increase in plan costs or required contribution rates have been taken into account in the valuation.

Patrick T. Donlan

Patrick T. Donlan, EA, ASA, MAAA
Enrolled Actuary #23-6595

Please let us know when the report is approved by the Board and unless otherwise directed we will provide copies of the report to the following offices to comply with Chapter 112, Florida Statutes:

Mr. Keith Brinkman
Bureau of Local
Retirement Systems
Post Office Box 9000
Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000

Mr. Steve Bardin
Municipal Police and Fire
Pension Trust Funds
Division of Retirement
Post Office Box 3010
Tallahassee, FL 32315-3010

RECONCILIATION OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES

(1)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of October 1, 2022	$18,818,192
(2)	Sponsor Normal Cost developed as of October 1, 2022	1,247,886
(3)	Expected administrative expenses for the year ended September 30, 2023	291,733
(4)	Expected interest on (1), (2) and (3)	1,515,896
(5)	Sponsor contributions to the System during the year ended September 30, 2023	2,546,984
(6)	Expected interest on (5)	65,252
(7)	Expected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of September 30, 2023 (1)+(2)+(3)+(4)-(5)-(6)	19,261,471
(8)	Change to UAAL due to Assumption Change	0
(9)	Change to UAAL due to Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	10,158,408
(10)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of October 1, 2023	29,419,879

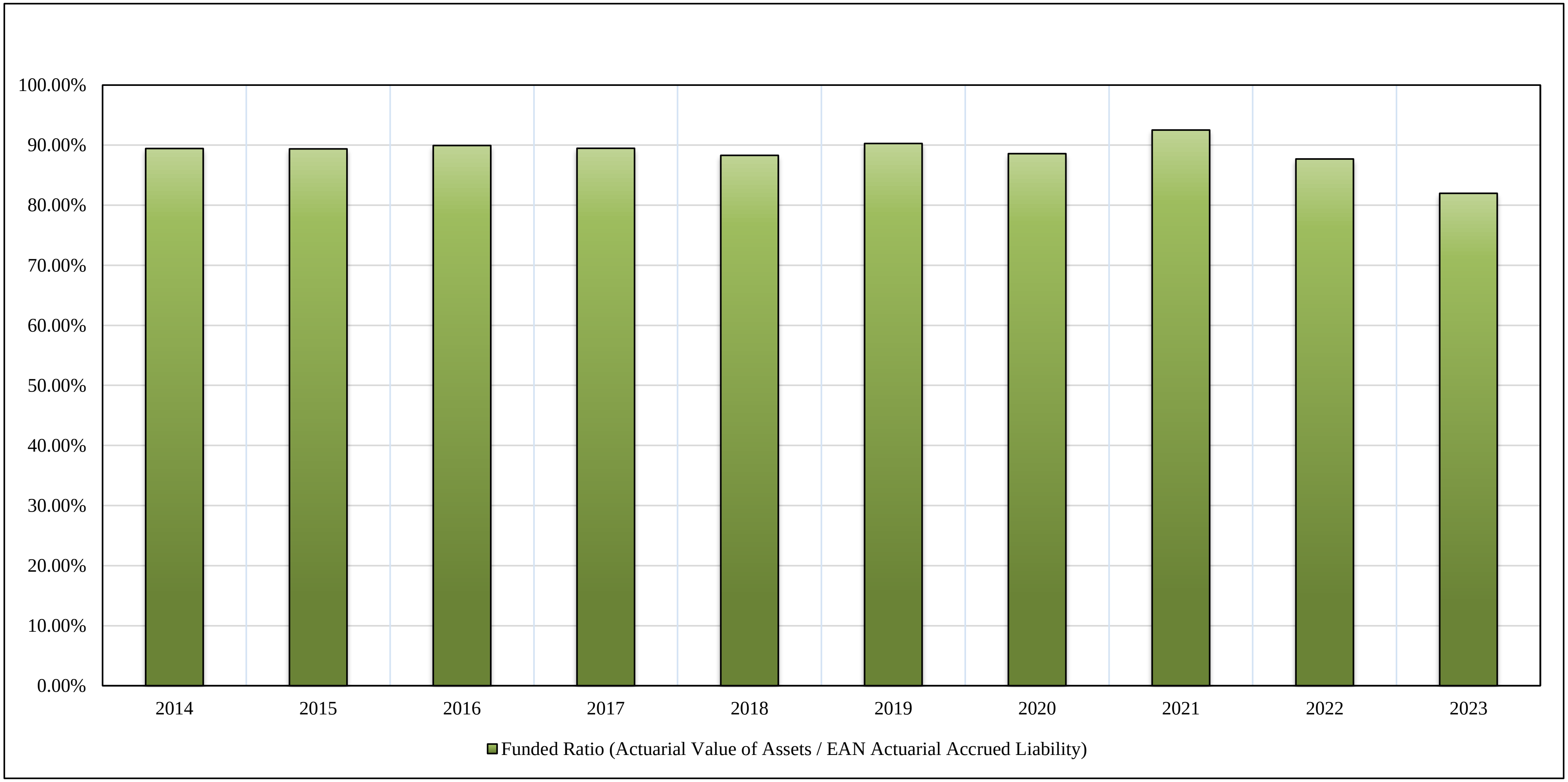
Type of Base	Date Established	Years Remaining	10/1/2023 Amount	Amortization Amount
Improvement	10/1/2003	10	25,586	3,467
Improvement	10/1/2005	12	335,295	40,322
Improvement	10/1/2006	13	41,760	4,781
Gain	10/1/2007	14	(746,075)	(81,754)
Loss	10/1/2008	15	3,952,043	416,480
Loss	10/1/2009	16	5,351,415	544,556
Loss	10/1/2010	17	1,528,153	150,683
Method	10/1/2010	17	(3,583,119)	(353,312)
Benefit	10/1/2010	17	3,447	340
Loss	10/1/2011	18	1,425,814	136,651
Assump	10/1/2011	18	4,867,455	466,501
Gain	10/1/2012	19	(620,177)	(57,928)
Gain	10/1/2013	20	(686,535)	(62,645)
Gain	10/1/2014	21	(3,549,067)	(317,037)
Gain	10/1/2015	22	(2,669,980)	(233,932)
Assump	10/1/2015	22	3,704,442	324,567
Loss	10/1/2016	23	66,082	5,688
Loss	10/1/2017	24	1,170,492	99,138
Loss	10/1/2018	25	2,259,170	188,532
Gain	10/1/2019	26	(1,709,810)	(140,760)
Benefits Change	10/1/2020	12	689,302	82,894
Actuarial Gain	10/1/2020	12	(617,352)	(74,242)
Asmp/Mthd Change	10/1/2020	12	3,421,889	411,511
Actuarial Gain	10/1/2021	13	(4,536,699)	(519,354)
Actuarial Loss	10/1/2022	14	6,278,556	687,998

Type of Base	Date Established	Years Remaining	10/1/2023 Amount	Amortization Amount
Assump Change	10/1/2022	14	2,859,384	313,328
Actuarial Loss	10/1/2023	15	10,158,408	1,070,528
			29,419,879	3,107,001

DETAILED ACTUARIAL (GAIN)/LOSS ANALYSIS

(1)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) as of October 1, 2022	$18,818,192
(2)	Expected UAAL as of October 1, 2023	19,261,471
(3)	Summary of Actuarial (Gain)/Loss, by component:	
	Investment Return (Actuarial Asset Basis)	6,262,979
	Salary Increases	1,536,516
	Active Decrements	224,405
	Inactive Mortality	433,499
	New entrants / rehires with prior military or law enforcement service	977,123
	Vested Terminated Member who was granted a disablity retirement	463,650
	Other	260,236
	Increase in UAAL due to (Gain)/Loss	10,158,408
	Assumption Changes	0
(4)	Actual UAAL as of October 1, 2023	$29,419,879

HISTORY OF FUNDING PROGRESS



ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Mortality Rate	*Healthy Active Lives:* **Female:** PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year. **Male:** PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year. *Healthy Retiree Lives:* **Female:** PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year. **Male:** PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year. *Beneficiary Lives:* **Female:** PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees. **Male:** PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year. *Disabled Lives:* 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees. All rates for healthy lives are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements. The previously described mortality assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2021 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.
Interest Rate	7.50% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. This is supported by the target asset allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.
Salary Increase – Individual	See table later in this section. This assumption was adopted based on the July 7, 2020 experience study.

Payroll Growth	0.00% for purposes of amortizing the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. This assumption cannot exceed the ten-year average payroll growth, in compliance with Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.
Administrative Expenses	$327,145 annually, based on the average of actual expenses incurred in the prior two fiscal years.
Amortization Method	New UAAL amortization bases are amortized over 15 years. The amortization payment is subject to a minimum based on a 30-year amortization of the UAAL, if the UAAL is positive, in order to comply with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 4. Bases established prior to the valuation date are adjusted proportionally to match the Expected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of the valuation date, in order to align prior year bases with the portion of the current year UAAL associated with prior year sources.
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The following loads are applied for determining the minimum required contribution: Interest - A half year, based on current 7.50% assumption. Salary - A full year, based on current 4.82% assumption.
Actuarial Value of Assets:	The market value of assets is adjusted to recognize, over a four-year period, investment earnings greater than (or less than) the assumed investment return. The Actuarial Value of Assets shall not be more than 120% nor less than 80% of the market value of assets. Details are shown in the Asset Information Section of the report.
Termination	See table later in this section. This assumption was adopted based on July 7, 2020 experience study.
Disability:	See sample rates in the table later in this section. These rates are consistent with rates used in other Police plans. 75% of disabilities are assumed to be service connected.
Service Retirement	See table later in this section. This assumption was adopted based on the July 7, 2020 experience study.
Form of Payment:	10-Year Certain and Continuous annuity.

Percentage Married At Retirement: 100% of active members are assumed married at retirement.

Spouse Ages: For active members reaching retirement, wives are assumed to be three years younger than husbands. Where spousal information was included for retirees, that information was used. If the age of the spouse was not provided, we have assumed that all spouses are still alive, and that female spouses are three years younger than their husbands.

Assumption Tables

% Terminating During the Year

Service	Rate
0	20.0%
1-4	10.0%
5-9	7.0%
10-14	5.0%
15+	3.5%

% Becoming Disabled During the Year

Age	Rate
20	0.14%
25	0.15%
30	0.18%
35	0.23%
40	0.30%
45	0.51%
50	1.00%
55	1.55%
60	2.09%
65	2.09%

Salary Scale

Age	Rate
<25	7.00%
25 -29	5.50%
30 - 34	5.25%
35 - 44	4.50%
45+	4.00%

% Retiring During the Year

Service	Age	Rate
<10	55-59	20.0%
	60+	100.0%
10-19	50-54	5.0%
	55	75.0%
	56-57	50.0%
	58+	100.0%
20-24	45-54	5.0%
	55	75.0%
	56-57	50.0%
	58+	100.0%
25	45-55	75.0%
	56-57	50.0%
	58+	100.0%
26-27	45-57	50.0%
	58+	100.0%
28+	Any	100.0%

Low-Default-Risk Obligation Measure	Based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method and an interest rate of 4.87% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. This rate is consistent with the Yield to Maturity of the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of September 30, 2023. All other assumptions for the Low-Default-Risk Obligation Measure are consistent with the assumptions shown in this section unless otherwise noted.

GLOSSARY

Actuarial Value of Assets is the asset value used in the valuation to determine contribution requirements. It represents the plan's Market Value of Assets (see below), with adjustments according to the plan's Actuarial Asset Method. These adjustments produce a "smoothed" value that is likely to be less volatile from year to year than the Market Value of Assets.

Entry Age Normal Cost Method - Under this method, the normal cost is the sum of the individual normal costs for all active participants. For an active participant, the normal cost is the participant's normal cost accrual rate, multiplied by the participant's current compensation.

(a) The normal cost accrual rate equals:

(i) the present value of future benefits for the participant, determined as of the participant's entry age, divided by

(ii) the present value of the compensation expected to be paid to the participant for each year of the participant's anticipated future service, determined as of the participant's entry age.

(b) In calculating the present value of future compensation, the salary scale is applied both retrospectively and prospectively to estimate compensation in years prior to and subsequent to the valuation year based on the compensation used for the valuation.

(c) The accrued liability is the sum of the individual accrued liabilities for all participants and beneficiaries. A participant's accrued liability equals the present value, at the participant's attained age, of future benefits less the present value at the participant's attained age of the individual normal costs payable in the future. A beneficiary's accrued liability equals the present value, at the beneficiary's attained age, of future benefits. The unfunded accrued liability equals the total accrued liability less the actuarial value of assets.

(d) Under this method, the entry age used for each active participant is the participant's age at the time he or she would have commenced participation if the plan had always been in existence under current terms, or the age as of which he or she first earns service credits for purposes of benefit accrual under the current terms of the plan.

Market Value of Assets is the fair market value of plan assets as of the valuation date. This amount may be adjusted to produce an Actuarial Value of Assets for plan funding purposes.

Normal (Current Year's) Cost is the current year's cost for benefits yet to be funded. Under the Entry Age Normal cost method, it is determined for each participant as the present value of future benefits, determined as of the Member's entry age, amortized as a level percentage of compensation over the anticipated number of years of participation, determined as of the entry age.

Payroll Under Assumed Ret. Age is the projected annual rate of pay for the fiscal year beginning on the valuation date of all covered Members, excluding any Members who are assumed to retire with 100% probability on the valuation date.

Projected Annual Payroll is the projected annual rate of pay for the fiscal year following the fiscal year beginning on the valuation date of all covered Members.

Present Value of Benefits is the single sum value on the valuation date of all future benefits to be paid to current plan participants.

Total Annual Payroll is the projected annual rate of pay for the fiscal year beginning on the valuation date of all covered Members.

Total Required Contribution is equal to the Normal Cost plus an amount sufficient to amortize the Unfunded Accrued Liability over no more than 30 years. The required amount is adjusted for interest according to the timing of contributions during the year.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is the difference between the actuarial accrued liability (described above) and the Actuarial Value of Assets. Under the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method, an actuarial gain or loss, based on actual versus expected UAAL, is determined in conjunction with each valuation of the plan.

DISCUSSION OF RISK

ASOP No. 51, Assessment and Disclosure of Risk Associated with Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Contributions, states that the actuary should identify risks that, in the actuary's professional judgment, may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition.

Throughout this report, actuarial results are determined using various actuarial assumptions. These results are based on the premise that all future plan experience will align with the plan's actuarial assumptions; however, there is no guarantee that actual plan experience will align with the plan's assumptions. It is possible that actual plan experience will differ from anticipated experience in an unfavorable manner that will negatively impact the plan's funded position.

Below are examples of ways in which plan experience can deviate from assumptions and the potential impact of that deviation. Typically, this results in an actuarial gain or loss representing the current-year financial impact on the plan's unfunded liability of the experience differing from assumptions; this gain or loss is amortized over a period of time determined by the plan's amortization method. When assumptions are selected that adequately reflect plan experience, gains and losses typically offset one another in the long term, resulting in a relatively low impact on the plan's contribution requirements associated with plan experience. When assumptions are too optimistic, losses can accumulate over time and the plan's amortization payment could potentially grow to an unmanageable level.

- <u>Investment Return</u>: When the rate of return on the Actuarial Value of Assets falls short of the assumption, this produces a loss representing assumed investment earnings that were not realized. Further, it is unlikely that the plan will experience a scenario that matches the assumed return in each year as capital markets can be volatile from year to year. Therefore, contribution amounts can vary in the future.

- <u>Salary Increases</u>: When a plan participant experiences a salary increase that was greater than assumed, this produces a loss representing the cost of an increase in anticipated plan benefits for the participant as compared to the previous year. The total gain or loss associated with salary increases for the plan is the sum of salary gains and losses for all active participants.

- <u>Demographic Assumptions:</u> Actuarial results take into account various potential events that could happen to a plan participant, such as retirement, termination, disability, and death. Each of these potential events is assigned a liability based on the likelihood of the event and the financial consequence of the event for the plan. Accordingly, actuarial liabilities reflect a blend of financial consequences associated with various possible outcomes (such as retirement at one of various possible ages). Once the outcome is known (e.g. the participant retires) the liability is adjusted to reflect the known outcome. This adjustment produces a gain or loss depending on whether the outcome was more or less favorable than other outcomes that could have occurred.

Impact of Plan Maturity on Risk

For newer pension plans, most of the participants and associated liabilities are related to active members who have not yet reached retirement age. As pension plans continue in operation and active members reach retirement ages, liabilities begin to shift from being primarily related to active members to being shared amongst active and retired members. Plan maturity is a measure of the extent to which this shift has occurred. It is important to understand that plan maturity can have an impact on risk tolerance and the overall risk characteristics of the plan. For example, closed plans with a large amount of retired liability do not have as long of a time horizon to recover from losses (such as losses on investments due to lower than expected investment returns) as plans where the majority of the liability is attributable to active members. For this reason, less tolerance for investment risk may be warranted for highly mature closed plans with a substantial inactive liability. Similarly, mature closed plans paying substantial retirement benefits resulting in a small positive or net negative cash flow can be more sensitive to near term investment volatility, particularly if the size of the fund is shrinking, which can result in less assets being available for investment in the market.

To assist with determining the maturity of the plan, we have provided some relevant metrics in the table following titled “Plan Maturity Measures and Other Risk Metrics”. Highlights of this information are discussed below:

- The Support Ratio, determined as the ratio of active to inactive members, has decreased from 163.6% on October 1, 2013 to 124.6% on October 1, 2023, indicating that the plan has been maturing during the period.

- The Accrued Liability Ratio, determined as the ratio of the Inactive Accrued Liability, which is the liability associated with members who are no longer employed but are due a benefit from the plan, to the Total Accrued Liability, is 68.4%. With a plan of this maturity, losses due to lower than expected investment returns or demographic factors may result in larger increases in contribution requirements than would be needed for a less mature plan. Please note Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, requires that the plan sponsor contributes the minimum required contribution; thus, there is minimal solvency risk to the plan.

- The Funded Ratio, determined as the ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Total Accrued Liability, has decreased from 85.0% on October 1, 2013 to 82.0% on October 1, 2023.

- The Net Cash Flow Ratio, determined as the ratio of the Net Cash Flow (contributions minus benefit payments and administrative expenses) to the Market Value of Assets, stayed approximately the same from October 1, 2013 to October 1, 2023. The current Net Cash Flow Ratio of -3.3% indicates that contributions are not currently covering the plan's benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Low Default-Risk Obligation Measure

ASOP No. 4, Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Costs or Contributions, was revised as of December 2021 to include a “low-default-risk obligation measure” (LDROM). This liability measure is consistent with the determination of the actuarial accrued liability shown on page 10 in terms of member data, plan provisions, and assumptions/methods, under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, except that the interest rate is tied to low-default-risk fixed income securities. The S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index (daily rate closest to, but not later than, the measurement date) was selected to represent a current market rate of low risk but longer-term investments that could be included in a low-risk asset portfolio. The interest rate used in this valuation was 4.87%, resulting in an LDROM of $235,879,753. The LDROM should not be considered the “correct” liability measurement; it simply shows a possible outcome if the Board elected to hold a very low risk asset portfolio. The Board actually invests the pension plan’s contributions in a diversified portfolio of stocks and bonds and other investments with the objective of maximizing investment returns at a reasonable level of risk. Consequently, the difference between the plan’s Actuarial Accrued Liability disclosed earlier in this section and the LDROM can be thought of as representing the expected taxpayer savings from investing in the plan’s diversified portfolio compared to investing only in high quality bonds.

The actuarial valuation reports the funded status and develops contributions based on the expected return of the plan’s investment portfolio. If instead, the plan switched to investing exclusively in high quality bonds, the LDROM illustrates that reported funded status would be lower (which also implies that the Actuarially Determined Contributions would be higher), perhaps significantly. Unnecessarily high contribution requirements in the near term may not be affordable and could imperil plan sustainability and benefit security.

It is important to note that the actuary has identified the risks above as the most significant risks based on the characteristics of the plan and the nature of the project, however, it is not an exhaustive list of potential risks that could be considered. Additional advanced modeling, as well as the identification of additional risks, can be provided at the request of the audience addressed on page 2 of this report.

PLAN MATURITY MEASURES AND OTHER RISK METRICS

	10/1/2023	10/1/2022	10/1/2018	10/1/2013
Support Ratio				
Total Actives	162	149	139	144
Total Inactives [1]	130	126	116	88
Actives / Inactives [1]	124.6%	118.3%	119.8%	163.6%
Asset Volatility Ratio				
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	118,267,799	113,240,734	111,056,112	86,011,125
Total Annual Payroll	10,964,971	9,546,323	7,569,355	7,515,606
MVA / Total Annual Payroll	1,078.6%	1,186.2%	1,467.2%	1,144.4%
Accrued Liability (AL) Ratio				
Inactive Accrued Liability	111,656,919	107,530,857	90,464,364	61,619,214
Total Accrued Liability (EAN)	163,279,062	152,927,310	121,910,201	94,958,802
Inactive AL / Total AL	68.4%	70.3%	74.2%	64.9%
Funded Ratio				
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	133,859,183	134,109,118	107,645,740	80,746,577
Total Accrued Liability (EAN)	163,279,062	152,927,310	121,910,201	94,958,802
AVA / Total Accrued Liability (EAN)	82.0%	87.7%	88.3%	85.0%
Net Cash Flow Ratio				
Net Cash Flow [2]	(3,906,727)	(3,146,132)	(3,243,667)	(2,647,411)
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	118,267,799	113,240,734	111,056,112	86,011,125
Ratio	-3.3%	-2.8%	-2.9%	-3.1%

[1] Excludes terminated participants awaiting a refund of member contributions.

[2] Determined as total contributions minus benefit payments and administrative expenses.

PARTIAL HISTORY OF PREMIUM TAX REFUNDS

Received During Fiscal Year	Amount	Increase from Previous Year
1998	201,770.08	_____%
1999	216,721.64	7.4%
2000	197,309.75	-9.0%
2001	218,500.53	10.7%
2002	267,958.39	22.6%
2003	302,467.77	12.9%
2004	403,411.62	33.4%
2005	449,805.87	11.5%
2006	479,034.44	6.5%
2007	521,156.85	8.8%
2008	521,017.73	0.0%
2009	552,316.07	6.0%
2010	544,192.27	-1.5%
2011	534,261.71	-1.8%
2012	552,801.49	3.5%
2013	572,953.76	3.6%
2014	604,885.90	5.6%
2015	618,682.53	2.3%
2016	684,839.94	10.7%
2017	716,530.07	4.6%
2018	793,725.50	10.8%
2019	842,305.03	6.1%
2020	895,137.18	6.3%
2021	921,041.97	2.9%
2022	1,020,019.19	10.7%
2023	1,227,608.53	20.4%

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

ASSETS	MARKET VALUE
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Short Term Investments	2,557,837.56
Deposits	1,046.41
Prepaid Expenses	18,904.88
Cash	27,333.83
Total Cash and Equivalents	2,605,122.68
Receivables:	
Accounts Receivable	1,263,899.69
From General Trust Fund	625.63
From Broker for Investments Sold	723,721.18
Investment Income	266,912.43
Total Receivable	2,255,158.93
Investments:	
Federal Agency Guaranteed Securities	13,083,794.34
Corporate Bonds	23,388,790.73
Stocks	34,973,235.91
Mutual Funds:	
Equity	29,697,007.24
Pooled/Common/Commingled Funds:	
Real Estate	13,161,028.57
Total Investments	114,303,856.79
Total Assets	119,164,138.40
LIABILITIES	
Payables:	
Accounts Payable	182,502.39
To Broker for Investments Purchased	560,553.30
Prepaid City Contribution	153,283.31
Total Liabilities	896,339.00
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	118,267,799.40

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023
Market Value Basis

ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Member		906,393.89	
Buy-Back		32,978.11	
City		1,672,812.69	
State		1,227,608.53	
Total Contributions			3,839,793.22
Investment Income:			
Miscellaneous Income	5,122.89		
Realized & Unrealized Gain (Loss)	7,067,225.66		
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments		7,072,348.55	
Interest & Dividends		2,436,769.75	
Less Investment Expense[1]		(575,325.89)	
Net Investment Income			8,933,792.41
Total Additions			12,773,585.63
DEDUCTIONS			
Distributions to Members:			
Benefit Payments		6,638,265.10	
Lump Sum DROP Distributions		518,991.53	
Lump Sum Share Distributions		82,999.99	
Refunds of Member Contributions		140,769.33	
Total Distributions			7,381,025.95
Administrative Expense			365,493.95
Total Deductions			7,746,519.90
Net Increase in Net Position			5,027,065.73
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS			
Beginning of the Year			113,240,733.67
End of the Year			118,267,799.40

[1]Investment related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.

ACTUARIAL ASSET VALUATION
September 30, 2023

Actuarial Assets for funding purposes are developed by recognizing the total actuarial investment gain or loss for each Plan Year over a four year period. In the first year, 25% of the gain or loss is recognized. In the second year 50%, in the third year 75%, and in the fourth year 100% of the gain or loss is recognized. The actuarial investment gain or loss is defined as the actual return on investments minus the actuarial assumed investment return. Actuarial Assets shall not be less than 80% nor greater than 120% of Market Value of Assets.

Gains/(Losses) Not Yet Recognized

Plan Year Ending	Gain/Loss	Amounts Not Yet Recognized by Valuation Year 2023	2024	2025	2026
09/30/2020	5,074,112	0	0	0	0
09/30/2021	15,213,647	3,803,411	0	0	0
09/30/2022	(39,658,313)	(19,829,157)	(9,914,579)	0	0
09/30/2023	579,150	434,362	289,574	144,786	0
Total		(15,591,384)	(9,625,005)	144,786	0

Development of Investment Gain/(Loss)

Market Value of Assets, including Prepaid Contributions, 09/30/2022	113,303,174
Contributions Less Benefit Payments & Admin Expenses	(3,815,884)
Expected Investment Earnings*	8,354,642
Actual Net Investment Earnings	8,933,792
2023 Actuarial Investment Gain/(Loss)	579,150

*Expected Investment Earnings = 0.075 * [113,303,174 + 0.5 * (3,815,884)]

Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

(1) Market Value of Assets, 09/30/2023	118,267,799
(2) Gains/(Losses) Not Yet Recognized	(15,591,384)
(3) Actuarial Value of Assets, 09/30/2023, (1) - (2)	133,859,183
(4) Limited Actuarial Value of Assets, 09/30/2023	133,859,183
(A) 09/30/2022 Actuarial Assets:	134,171,559
(I) Net Investment Income:	
1. Interest and Dividends	2,441,893
2. Realized & Unrealized Gain (Loss)	7,067,226
3. Change in Actuarial Value	(5,277,000)
4. Investment Expenses	(575,326)
Total	3,656,792
(B) 09/30/2023 Actuarial Assets, including Prepaid Contributions:	134,012,467
Actuarial Asset Rate of Return = 2I/(A+B-I):	2.76%
Market Value of Assets Rate of Return:	8.02%
10/01/2023 Limited Actuarial Assets (not including Prepaid):	133,859,183
Actuarial Gain/(Loss) due to Investment Return (Actuarial Asset Basis)	(6,262,979)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2023
Actuarial Asset Basis

REVENUES		
Contributions:		
Member	906,393.89	
Buy-Back	32,978.11	
City	1,672,812.69	
State	1,227,608.53	
Total Contributions		3,839,793.22
Earnings from Investments:		
Interest & Dividends	2,436,769.75	
Miscellaneous Income	5,122.89	
Realized & Unrealized Gain (Loss)	7,067,225.66	
Change in Actuarial Value	(5,277,000.00)	
Total Earnings and Investment Gains		4,232,118.30
EXPENDITURES		
Distributions to Members:		
Benefit Payments	6,638,265.10	
Lump Sum DROP Distributions	518,991.53	
Lump Sum Share Distributions	82,999.99	
Refunds of Member Contributions	140,769.33	
Total Distributions		7,381,025.95
Expenses:		
Investment related[1]	575,325.89	
Administrative	365,493.95	
Total Expenses		940,819.84
Change in Net Assets for the Year		(249,934.27)
Net Assets Beginning of the Year		134,109,117.67
Net Assets End of the Year[2]		133,859,183.40

[1]Investment related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.
[2]Net Assets may be limited for actuarial consideration.

DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN ACTIVITY
October 1, 2022 to September 30, 2023

Beginning of the Year Balance	3,067,021.28
Plus Additions	474,005.24
Investment Return Earned	229,129.43
Less Distributions	(518,991.53)
End of the Year Balance	3,251,164.42

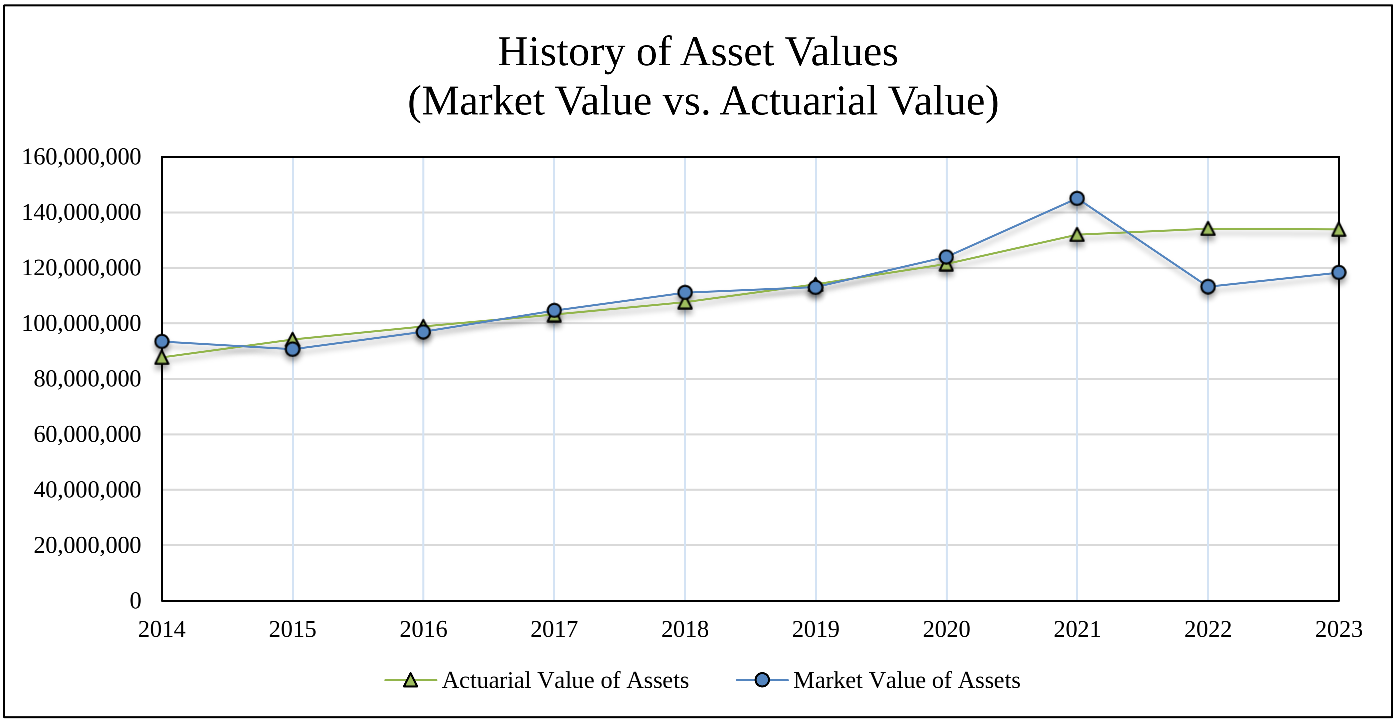
SUPPLEMENTAL CHAPTER 185 SHARE PLAN ACTIVITY
October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023

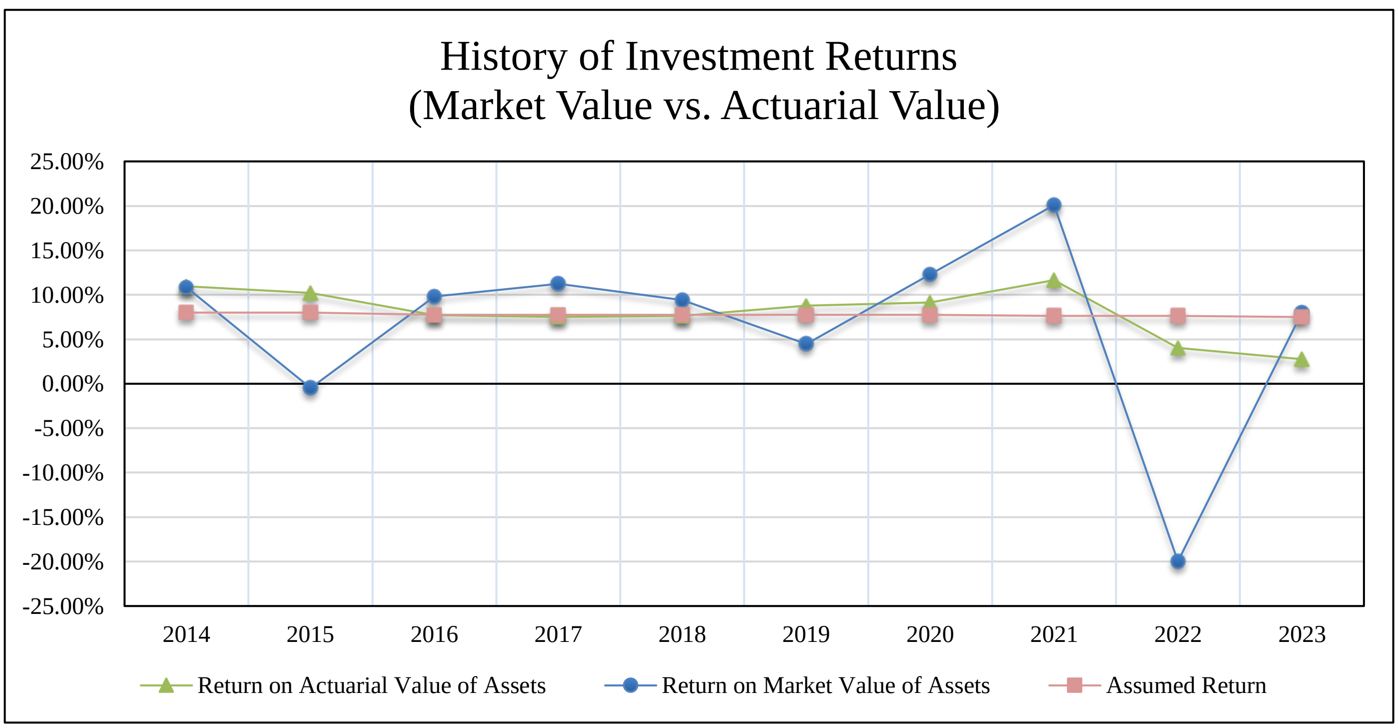
9/30/2022 Balance	971,646.92
Prior Year Adjustment	0.00
Plus Additions	353,437.22
Investment Return Earned	67,537.19
Administrative Fees	(2,000.00)
Less Distributions	(82,999.99)
9/30/2023 Balance	1,307,621.34

RECONCILIATION OF CITY SHORTFALL/(PREPAID) CONTRIBUTION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED (FYE) SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(1)	Required City and State Contributions	$2,546,984.00
(2)	Less Allowable State Contribution	(874,171.31)
(3)	Required City Contribution for Fiscal 2023	1,672,812.69
(4)	Less 2022 Prepaid Contribution	(62,440.63)
(5)	Less Actual City Contributions	(1,763,655.37)
(6)	Equals City's Shortfall/(Prepaid) Contribution as of September 30, 2023	($153,283.31)

HISTORY OF ASSET VALUES AND INVESTMENT RETURNS





STATISTICAL DATA

	10/1/2023	10/1/2022	10/1/2021	10/1/2020
Actives				
Number	162	149	139	139
Average Current Age	37.5	37.7	38.6	38.3
Average Age at Employment	27.6	28.0	28.0	27.9
Average Past Service	9.9	9.7	10.6	10.4
Average Annual Salary	$67,685	$64,069	$59,900	$56,713
Service Retirees				
Number	92	87	84	80
Average Current Age	62.8	62.2	61.5	61.8
Average Annual Benefit	$67,343	$66,953	$66,576	$64,332
DROP Retirees				
Number	6	8	6	11
Average Current Age	51.0	53.5	55.6	55.1
Average Annual Benefit	$74,783	$67,234	$62,103	$63,310
Beneficiaries				
Number	7	7	6	5
Average Current Age	70.1	69.1	70.8	68.3
Average Annual Benefit	$48,161	$46,779	$38,450	$33,780
Disability Retirees				
Number	14	13	13	15
Average Current Age	58.5	59.3	58.3	58.9
Average Annual Benefit	$28,367	$27,229	$26,622	$28,406
Terminated Vested				
Number	27	28	26	23
Average Current Age [1]	44.9	43.7	42.7	44.3
Average Annual Benefit [1]	$15,335	$15,297	$14,918	$21,591

[1] The Average Current Age and Average Annual Benefit exclude participants awaiting a refund of contributions.

AGE AND SERVICE DISTRIBUTION

PAST SERVICE

AGE	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30+	Total
15 - 19												0
20 - 24	7	2	2									11
25 - 29	7	6	7	3	4	5						32
30 - 34	7	3	1		3	13	5					32
35 - 39	3	2	2		1	9	9					26
40 - 44	1	3	1			2	2	4	1			14
45 - 49	1		1		1	2	3	5	4			17
50 - 54							4	15	6			25
55 - 59				1				2	1			4
60 - 64												0
65+								1				1
Total	26	16	14	4	9	31	23	27	12	0	0	162

VALUATION PARTICIPANT RECONCILIATION

1. Active lives

a. Number in prior valuation 10/1/2022	149
b. Terminations	
i. Vested (partial or full) with deferred annuity	(2)
ii. Vested in refund of member contributions only	(1)
iii. Refund of member contributions or full lump sum distribution	(8)
c. Deaths	
i. Beneficiary receiving benefits	0
ii. No future benefits payable	0
d. Disabled	0
e. Retired	(2)
f. DROP	(1)
g. Continuing participants	135
h. New entrants / Rehires	27
i. Total active life participants in valuation	162

2. Non-Active lives (including beneficiaries receiving benefits)

	Service Retirees, Vested Receiving Benefits	DROP Benefits	Receiving Death Benefits	Receiving Disability Benefits	Vested (Deferred Annuity)	Vested (Due Refund)	Total
a. Number prior valuation	87	8	7	13	11	17	143
Retired	5	(3)					2
DROP		1					1
Vested (Deferred Annuity)					2		2
Vested (Due Refund)						1	1
Hired/Terminated in Same Year						2	2
Death, With Survivor							0
Death, No Survivor							0
Disabled				1	(1)		0
Refund of Contributions						(4)	(4)
Rehires					(1)		(1)
Expired Annuities							0
Data Corrections							0
b. Number current valuation	92	6	7	14	11	16	146

SUMMARY OF CURRENT PLAN

The following summary is intended to state the plan of benefits valued in this report. It is not intended as a restatement or summary of benefits for any other purposes.

Membership

Effective May 2, 1974, any full-time police officer having permanent status becomes a Plan Member immediately upon hire.

Collective Bargaining Agreements

Certain employees covered by the Plan are members of the Fraternal Order of Police (FOP), Pollak-Grogan-Johnson Memorial Lodge 111.

Average Final Compensation (AFC)

1/12 of the average annual compensation of the best five years of the last ten years of credited service prior to retirement, DROP, termination or death.

Compensation

Base pay, excluding overtime, bonuses, and any other non-regular compensation received by a Member.

Prior to 10/1/2007

Compensation shall include Administrative Pay, Clothing Allowance, Expenses Pay, Longevity, Subsistence Pay, and Vacation Buy-Back in addition to Base Pay.

After 10/1/2007

Compensation shall mean total cash remuneration paid by the City for services rendered by the member including up to 129 hours of overtime per fiscal year, excluding any payments for extra duty, special duty or special detail work performed on behalf of a second party employer.

Credited Service

Years and complete months of uninterrupted service.
Service is not considered to be interrupted by authorized leave of absence, vacation, or service (voluntary or involuntary) in the Armed Forces of the United States, with certain stipulations.

Service is not considered to be interrupted for purposes of vesting or eligibility where leave is granted pursuant to the Family and Medical Leave Act. The Member may receive Credited Service for purposes of benefit accrual if the Member contributes the employee contributions (with interest) that would have been contributed during the period of absence within 90 days after the member's return from leave.

Members may voluntarily leave accumulated contributions in the fund for a period of five years after leaving the employ of the police or fire department pending the possibility of being re-employed without losing credit for that time.

Re-employed Members do not receive credit for time where accumulated contributions were withdrawn.

Members may purchase up to 4 years of service for prior military or sworn law enforcement experience (for which no benefit is payable).

The member will pay the contribution rate at hire multiplied by the salary at hire multiplied by the years of service to be purchased. The remainder full actuarial cost must be paid by the City.

NORMAL RETIREMENT

Normal Retirement Date — The earlier of (1) age 55 or (2) upon completion of 25 years of Credited Service (with no age requirement).

Members are 100% vested upon Normal Retirement Benefit eligibility.

Retirement Benefit — For police officers with less than 20 years service:
2.00% x AFC x Credited Service prior to 1/1/1992, plus
2.50% x AFC x Credited Service on and after 1/1/1992.

For police officers with 20 or more years of service:
3.00% x AFC x Credited Service (limited to 20), plus
5.00% x AFC x Credited Service over 20 years.

In addition, Police Officers who retire on or after October 1, 2021 receive a Supplemental Benefit equal to $35 per month times complete years of Credited Service, payable for the life of the retiree, but ceasing at member age eligible to receive Medicare coverage under Federal Guidelines (Does not include Disability retirees).

Maximum Benefit — 100% of Average Final Compensation, exclusive of the Supplemental Benefit. 85% of Average Final Compensation applies for Members hired on or after October 1, 2016.

Normal Form of Benefit — 10-year Certain and Continuous annuity.

COLA — Police officers that retire on or after September 30, 2000 are eligible to receive a 3.00% annual increase each September 30th after having been retired for three years.

EARLY RETIREMENT

Eligibility — Members may retire and receive the Early Retirement Benefit on the first day of any month prior to their Normal Retirement Date after attaining the earlier of (1) age 45 and completion of 20 years of Credited Service, or (2) age 50 and completion of 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit — The monthly Early Retirement Benefit payable is reduced by 3.00% each year the Early Retirement Benefit commences prior to the Normal Retirement Date.

The Supplemental Benefit payable to Police Officers is not reduced for early commencement.

Normal Form of Benefit — 10-year Certain and Continuous annuity.

COLA — Police Officers that retire on or after September 30, 2000 are eligible to receive a 3.00% annual increase each September 30th after having been retired for three years.

DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN (DROP)

Eligibility — The earlier of (1) age 55 or (2) upon completion of 25 years of Credited Service (with no age requirement).

Benefit — Once the DROP is entered into, monthly benefits are frozen and no further Participant Contributions are made. The benefit payable under the DROP is calculated as described upon the Normal Retirement Benefit. Upon DROP participation, monthly benefits that would have been payable had the Member terminated employment and elected to receive monthly pension payments are paid into the DROP account.

Maximum DROP Period — Members are limited to 60 months of DROP participation.

Interest Rate Credited To DROP Account — DROP account interest crediting is posted quarterly based on the actual pension fund returns, net of money manager fees and other expenses.

Normal Form of DROP Account — At the end of a Member's participation in the DROP, the distribution of the accumulated DROP account is payable in the following forms of distribution: (1) Annual installments payable each December (no less than 10% or $10,000, whichever is greater), (2) Rollover to another qualified retirement plan, or (3) Lump sum balance paid directly to the Member.

Normal Form of Monthly Benefit — 10-year Certain and Continuous annuity.

COLA — Cost of Living Adjustments, if any, are applicable to the benefit of the Member while in the DROP.

Police officers that retire on or after September 30, 2000 are eligible to receive a 3.00% annual increase each September 30th after having been retired for three years.

DISABILITY RETIREMENT

Eligibility — In Line of Duty: Immediate
Not In Line of Duty: 10 years

DROP Participants are not eligible for this benefit.

Disabled Definition — Unable, by reason of medically determinable physical or mental impairment, to render useful and efficient service as a police officer.

Benefit	In Line of Duty Disability: 75% of Average Final Compensation, but not less than the accrued Normal Retirement Benefit. Not In Line of Duty Disability: 25% of Average Final Compensation, but not less than the accrued Normal Retirement Benefit.
Normal Form of Benefit	10-year Certain and Continuous annuity, ceasing upon recovery prior to Normal Retirement Eligibility.
COLA	Police officers that retire on or after September 30, 2000 are eligible to receive a 3.00% annual increase each September 30th after having been retired for three years.

DEATH WHILE IN SERVICE WITH AT LEAST 10 YEARS CREDITED SERVICE

Benefit	For Members who die after becoming eligible for Early Retirement Benefits or Normal Retirement Benefits, but prior to benefit commencement, the benefit otherwise payable to the Participant is then payable to the designated beneficiary. The designated beneficiary of a Member who dies prior to becoming eligible for Early Retirement Benefits or Normal Retirement Benefits receives a monthly benefit when the Member would have met Early or Normal Retirement Benefit eligibility conditions.
Normal Form of Benefit	10-year Certain and Continuous annuity to the designated beneficiary.
COLA	Police officers that retire on or after September 30, 2000 are eligible to receive a 3.00% annual increase each September 30th after having been retired for three years.

DEATH WHILE IN SERVICE WITH LESS THAN 10 YEARS CREDITED SERVICE

Benefit	Participants who die while in active service with less than 10 years of Credited Service are due a return of accumulated contributions without interest.
Normal Form of Benefit	Lump Sum.

WITHDRAWAL – LESS THAN 5 YEARS OF CREDITED SERVICE

Eligibility	First day of work, up to 5 years of Credited Service.
Benefit	Accumulated contributions with 0% interest.
Form of Benefit	Lump Sum.

WITHDRAWAL – AFTER EARNING AT LEAST 5 YEARS OF CREDITED SERVICE

Eligibility At least 5 years of Credited Service.

Benefit Participants who terminate employment prior to their Normal Retirement Date are entitled to their Normal Retirement Benefit calculated based on Credited Service and Average Final Compensation at their date of termination, multiplied by the Vesting Percentage, with deferred commencement at their Normal Retirement Date. This benefit is payable on a reduced basis as described under Early Retirement.

Vesting Percentage

Completed Years of Credited Service	Vesting Percentage
<5	0%
5	50%
6	60%
7	70%
8	80%
9	90%
10 +	100%

Form of Benefit 10-year Certain and Continuous annuity.

COLA Police officers that retire on or after September 30, 2000 are eligible to receive a 3.00% annual increase each September 30th after having been retired for three years.

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions 8.76% of Compensation effective September 30, 2000.

Interest Crediting Rate 3.00% per year.

SHARE PLAN

Initial Allocation as of October 1, 2015 $6,474.59

Future Allocations ½ of Annual State Monies received above $520,734.08.

Earnings Annually equal to the net of fees return for the overall Trust Fund.

Expenses Members share in actual expenses specific to the Share Plan administration.